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APPLICATION NO.	NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/053,313	01/18/2002	· Alex Battaglia	JAL1100 3640		
759	90 02/03/2004	EXAMINER			
Lisa A. Haile,		CRIARES, THEODORE J			
	VARE & FREIDENRICH Drive Suite 1100	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
San Diego, CA		1617	910		
			DATE MAILED: 02/03/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Annliasti	on No	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		Applicati		Applicant(s)				
		10/053,3						
	mice Action Summary	Examine		Art Unit				
The	MAILING DATE of this commu		J. Criares	1617	7055			
Period for Re		ncation appears on th	e cover sneet whit ti	ie correspondence add.	7633			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)⊠ Res _l	ponsive to communication(s) fil	ed on <u>16 October 200</u>	<u>)3</u> .					
2a)☐ This	action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is r	non-final.					
3) Sinc	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
close	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition o	f Claims							
4a) C 5)⊠ Claii 6)⊠ Claii 7)∐ Claii	4) Claim(s) 1-14 and 29-32 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 14 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-13 & 29-32 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application P	apers							
10)☐ The o	specification is objected to by the drawing(s) filed on is/are icant may not request that any objected to accement drawing sheet(s) including the order of declaration is objected to accement drawing sheet(s)	ection to the drawing(s) g the correction is requi	be held in abeyance. red if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFF				
Priority under	r 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice of D 3) Information	eferences Cited (PTO-892) raftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o)/Mail Date		4) Interview Sumn Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:		152)			

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CLAIMS 1-14 AND 29-32 ARE PRESENTED FOR

EXAMINATION

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim14 is allowed since there is a lack of prior art with respect to the composition claimed therein

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-13 and 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for ethanol, does not reasonably provide enablement for "volatile solvent". The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The specification fails to recite other solvents that would have the effect of causing the pharmacologically active agent to remain on the skin other than the solvent ethanol.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-13 and 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goh et al. (Reference D_1).

Goh et al. teach the use of two compositions, a) podophyllin in ethanol (PE) and 2) podophyllin in tincture benzoin (PB) to treat warts.

The difference between applicant's claims and the cited reference is that applicant's composition in effective amounts remain on the surface for a period of greater than six hours. However, the reference teaches that the composition once applied was at page 18, top left hand column, "washed off". It would be obvious to the skilled artisan that the composition of the reference could remain on the skin for a period of time greater than six hours or as long as desired since, as explained hereinafter, there is less irritation when ethanol is present in the solution. The solution can remain on the skin as desired by the patient or perscriber. The difference is a matter of quality of effect desired rather than quantity.

The difference between the applicant's claims and the reference is that the PB composition fails to contain ethanol. However, the skilled artisan would have been motivated to form the composition of PB and ethanol since the antiviral compound podophyllin in tincture benzoin is a conventional composition and ethanol was less irritating as taught by Goh et al at page 18 left column under "Adverse effects"

In view of the above the skilled artisan would have been motivated to combine ethanol to the PB composition of Goh et al. with a reasonable expectation of attaining a

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less irritating composition since the reference theaches that ethanol has less irritating effect than the BP solution.

The test of obviousness is "whether the teachins of the prior art, taken as a whole, would have made obvious the claimed invention." In re Gorman, 933 F.2d 982, 18 USPQ 2d 1885, (Fed. Cir. 1991). In view of the above rejection it is deemed that the evidence presented has established a prima facie case of obviousness. is presented.

Claim 14 is allowable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Theodore J. Criares whose telephone number is 308-4607. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 A.M. to 5:00P.M. Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreenivasan Padmanabhan can be reached on 305-1877. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Theodore J. Criares
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1617

TJC 2/2/04